



## Material Safety Data Sheet

### R-134A COOL BLAST

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT NAME:** R-134A Cool Blast  
**DISTRIBUTOR:** National Refrigerants, Inc.  
661 Kenyon Avenue  
Bridgeton, New Jersey 08302

**FOR MORE INFORMATION CALL:**  
(Monday-Friday, 8:00am-5:00pm)  
1-800-262-0012

**IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL:**  
CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

#### 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENT NAME</u>	<u>CAS NUMBER</u>	<u>WEIGHT %</u>
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2	80-85
Proprietary Lubricant	NA	5-15

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may also appear in Section 15 toward the end of the MSDS. These materials may be listed for local "Right-To-Know" compliance and for other reasons.

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** Colorless, volatile liquid with ethereal and faint sweetish odor. Non-flammable material. Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result from exposure. Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces. At higher temperatures, (>250°C), decomposition products may include Hydrofluoric Acid (HF) and carbonyl halides. Lubricant mists may cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation.

##### POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS

**SKIN:** Irritation would result from a defatting action on tissue. Liquid contact could cause frostbite.

**EYES:** Liquid contact can cause severe irritation and frostbite. Mist may irritate.

**INHALATION:** 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane is low in acute toxicity in animals. When oxygen levels in air are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. At high levels, cardiac arrhythmia may occur.

**INGESTION:** Ingestion is unlikely because of the low boiling point of the material. Should it occur, discomfort in the gastrointestinal tract from rapid evaporation of the material and consequent evolution of gas would result. Some effects of inhalation and skin exposure would be expected.

**DELAYED EFFECTS:** None Known



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Ingredients found on one of the OSHA designated carcinogen lists are listed below.

<u>INGREDIENT NAME</u>	<u>NTP STATUS</u>	<u>IARC STATUS</u>	<u>OSHA LIST</u>
No ingredients listed in this section			

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**SKIN:** Promptly flush skin with water until all chemical is removed. If there is evidence of frostbite, bathe (do not rub) with lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not available, cover with a clean, soft cloth or similar covering. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

**EYES:** Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes (in case of frostbite, water should be lukewarm, not hot) lifting eyelids occasionally to facilitate irrigation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

**INHALATION:** Immediately remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is available. Get medical attention immediately. DO NOT give epinephrine (adrenaline).

**INGESTION:** Ingestion is unlikely because of the physical properties and is not expected to be hazardous. DO NOT induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician.

**ADVICE TO PHYSICIAN:** Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

<b>FLASH POINT:</b>	Not Determined
<b>FLASH POINT METHOD:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:</b>	<750°C
<b>UPPER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air):</b>	Not Determined
<b>LOWER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air):</b>	Not Determined

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

Use any standard agent – choose the one most appropriate for type of surrounding fire (material itself is not flammable)

#### **UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:**

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. However, this material will become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources.

Contact with certain reactive metals may result in formation of explosive or exothermic reactions under specific conditions (e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures).



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### **SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PRECAUTIONS/INSTRUCTIONS:**

Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for protection against possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **IN CASE OF SPILL OR OTHER RELEASE:** (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.)

Ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including appropriate respiratory protection. Protected personnel should remove ignition sources and shut off leak, if without risk. Contain spill if possible. Wipe up or absorb on suitable material and shovel up. Prevent entry into sewers and waterways. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Evacuate unprotected personnel. Unprotected personnel should not return until air has been tested and determined safe, including low-lying areas.

**Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities. See Section 15 regarding reporting requirements.**

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### **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **NORMAL HANDLING:** (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.)

Avoid breathing vapors and liquid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not puncture or drop cylinders, expose them to open flame or excessive heat. Use authorized cylinders only. Follow standard safety precautions for handling and use of compressed gas cylinders.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane should not be mixed with air above atmospheric pressure for leak testing or any other purpose.

#### **STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area of low fire risk and out of direct sunlight. Protect cylinder and its fittings from physical damage. Storage in subsurface locations should be avoided. Close valve tightly after use and when empty.

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### **8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide local ventilation at filling zones and areas where leakage is probable. Mechanical (general) ventilation may be adequate for other operating and storage areas.

#### **PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

##### **SKIN PROTECTION:**

Skin contact with refrigerant may cause frostbite. General work clothing and gloves (leather) should provide adequate protection. If prolonged contact with liquid or gas is anticipated, insulated gloves constructed of PVA, neoprene or butyl rubber should be used. Any contaminated clothing should be promptly removed and washed before reuse.

##### **EYE PROTECTION:**

For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear chemical safety goggles.



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### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

None generally required for adequately ventilated work situations. For accidental release or non-ventilated situations, or release into confined space, where the concentration may be above the PEL of 1,000 ppm, use a self-contained, NIOSH approved breathing apparatus or supplied air respirator. For escape: use the former or a NIOSH approved gas mask with organic vapor canister.

### ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS:

Where contact with liquid is likely, such as in a spill or leak, impervious boots and clothing should be worn. High dose-level warning signs are recommended for areas of principle exposure. Provide eyewash stations and quick-drench shower facilities at convenient locations. For tank cleaning operations, see OSHA regulations, 29 CFR 1910.132 and 29 CFR 1910.133.

### EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<u>INGREDIENT NAME</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER LIMIT</u>
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	None	None	*1000 ppm TWA (8hr) **1000 ppm TWA (8hr)
Proprietary Lubricant	NE	NE	NE

\* = Limit established by National Refrigerants, Inc.

\*\* = Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA)

NE = Not Established

### OTHER EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR POTENTIAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>APPEARANCE:</b>	Clear, colorless liquid and vapor
<b>PHYSICAL STATE:</b>	Gas and liquid under pressure
<b>MOLECULAR WEIGHT:</b>	Not applicable
<b>CHEMICAL FORMULA:</b>	Not applicable
<b>ODOR:</b>	Faint ethereal odor
<b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1.0):</b>	<1.22
<b>SOLUBILITY IN WATER:</b>	Slight
<b>pH:</b>	Neutral
<b>BOILING POINT:</b>	-26.2°C (-15.1°F)
<b>FREEZING POINT:</b>	Not applicable
<b>VAPOR PRESSURE:</b>	85.8 psia @ 70°F 213.4 psia @ 130°F
<b>VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1.0):</b>	3.5
<b>EVAPORATION RATE:</b>	>1 <b>COMPARED TO:</b> $CCl_4 = 1$
<b>% VOLATILES:</b>	80-85
<b>FLASH POINT:</b>	Not applicable

(Flash point method and additional flammability data are found in Section 5.)



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### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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#### **NORMALLY STABLE? (CONDITIONS TO AVOID):**

The product is stable.

Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric pressure. Any source of high temperatures, such as lighted cigarettes, flames, hot spots or welding may yield toxic and/or corrosive decomposition products.

#### **INCOMPATIBILITIES:**

(Under specific conditions: e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures) – Freshly abraded aluminum surfaces (may cause strong exothermic reaction). Chemically reactive metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, magnesium, and zinc.

#### **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:**

Halogens, halogen acids and possibly carbonyl halides.

#### **HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:**

Will not occur.

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### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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#### **IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) EFFECTS:**

LC<sub>50</sub> : 4 hr. (rat) - > 500,000 ppm / Cardiac Sensitization threshold (dog) 80,000 ppm. NOEL – 50,000 ppm

#### **DELAYED (SUBCHRONIC AND CHRONIC) EFFECTS:**

Not mutagenic in four tests

Teratogenic NOEL (rat and rabbit) – 40,000 ppm

Subchronic inhalation (rat) NOEL – 50,000 ppm

Chronic NOEL – 10,000 ppm

#### **OTHER DATA:**

Metabolism <0.5% as CO<sub>2</sub> in tests at 50,000 ppm, late developing benign tumors were found.

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### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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**Degradability (BOD):** 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane is a gas at room temperature; therefore, it is unlikely to remain in water.

**Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:** Log P<sub>ow</sub> = 1.06

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### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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#### **RCRA**

**Is the unused product a RCRA hazardous waste if discarded?  
If yes, the RCRA ID number is:**

Not a hazardous waste  
Not applicable



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### **OTHER DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Disposal must comply with federal, state, and local disposal or discharge laws. 1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations Section 608 in 40 CFR Part 82 regarding refrigerant recycling.

The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Ground Shipments:**

**PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** Consumer commodity, ORM-D

**HAZARD CLASS:** Not Applicable

**IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:** Not Applicable

**REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ):** Not Applicable

#### **Air Shipments:**

Refer to applicable DOT Regulations.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)**

**TSCA INVENTORY STATUS:** Listed on the TSCA inventory

**OTHER TSCA ISSUES:** None

#### **SARA TITLE III / CERCLA**

“Reportable Quantities” (RQs) and/or “Threshold Planning Quantities” (TPQs) exist for the following ingredients.

<b><u>INGREDIENT NAME</u></b>	<b><u>SARA / CERCLA RQ (lb.)</u></b>	<b><u>SARA EHS TPQ (lb.)</u></b>
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No ingredients listed in this section

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ requires immediate notification to the National Response Center [(800) 424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

**SECTION 311 HAZARD CLASS:** IMMEDIATE  
PRESSURE

#### **SARA 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS:**

The following ingredients are SARA 313 “Toxic Chemicals”. CAS numbers and weight percents are found in Section 2.

<b><u>INGREDIENT NAME</u></b>	<b><u>COMMENT</u></b>
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No ingredients listed in this section

#### **STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW**

In addition to the ingredients found in Section 2, the following are listed for state right-to-know purposes.



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**INGREDIENT NAME**

No ingredients listed in this section

**WEIGHT %****COMMENT****ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:**

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations at 40 CFR Part 82.

**WARNING: DO NOT** vent to the atmosphere. To comply with provisions of the U.S. Clean Air Act, any residual must be recovered. **Contains 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)**, a greenhouse gas which may contribute to global warming.

**WHMIS CLASSIFICATION (CANADA):**

This product has been evaluated in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**FOREIGN INVENTORY STATUS:**

Canada – Listed on DSL  
EU - EINECS # 223770

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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**CURRENT ISSUE DATE:** August, 2007  
**PREVIOUS ISSUE DATE:** December, 2006

**OTHER INFORMATION:** HMIS Classification: Health – 1, Flammability – 1, Reactivity – 0  
NFPA Classification: Health – 2, Flammability – 1, Reactivity – 0  
ANSI/ASHRAE 34 Safety Group – A1  
UL Classified

Regulatory Standards:

1. OSHA regulations for compressed gases: 29 CFR 1910.101
2. DOT classification per 49 CFR 172.101

Toxicity information per PAFT Testing

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**17. DISCLAIMER**

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